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RURAL DISTRICT
OF
LONG ASHTON

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1966



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PUBLIC HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

1965/66

Chairman

Mrs. S.R. Clarke

Vice-Chairman

Mr. R.Y. Edwards

Mr. J.W. Armitage

Mr. S.J. Bollom

Mr. C.H. Bougourd

Mr. R.J. Bradbury

(Vice-Chairman of the Council)

Mr. W.L. Brake

Mr. D.J. Bullock

Mr. S.G. Dyer

Mr. H.W. Fisher

Rev. L.W. Fussell

Mr. H.K. Hardwick

Mr. P.W.C. Hawkins

(Chairman of the Council)

Mr. M.G. Keen

Mr. L.W. Marsh

Mrs. W.M. Nethercot

Dr. M.C. O'Connor

Mr. H.E. Parslow

Mrs. D. Perry

Mr. H. Riddiford

Hon. Mrs. B.M. A'Court Robinson

Mr. V. Rogers

Mr. C.F.H. Ross

Mr. V.D. Skeeles

Mrs. W.J. Sturdy

Mr. A. Sweet

Mr. A.J. Warner

Mr. H.T. Williams

Mr. J.H. Wyatt

1966/67

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Mr. R.J. Bradbury

(Chairman of the Council)

Mr. D.J. Bullock

Mr. C. Cooper

Mr. W.S. Dening

Mr. S.G. Dyer

Mr. H.W. Fisher

Rev. L.W. Fussell

Mr. J.E. Gillett

Mr. H.K. Hardwick

Mr. P.W.C. Hawkins

Mr. M.G. Keen

Mr. S.H.J. Legge

Mr. J.W. Marsh

Mrs. W.M. Nethercot

Dr. M.C. O'Connor

Mr. H.E. Parslow

Mrs. D. Perry

Mr. H. Riddiford

Hon. Mrs. B.M. A'Court Robinson

Mr. V. Rogers

Mr. J.W. Stokes

Mrs. W.J. Sturdy

Mr. A. Sweet

Mr. H.T. Williams

Mr. J.H. Wyatt

OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health:

Dr. Valerie N. Baker, M.B., Ch.B., D.R.C.O.G., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer
of Health:

Dr. Amy Baird, M.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health
Inspector:

B. Barker, M.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Public
Health Inspector:

J. Wynn Jones, M.A.P.H.I.

Public Health Inspector:

B.F. Hitchcock, M.A.P.H.I.

Housing and Public Health
Inspector:

M.M. Anderson, A.M.R.S.H.

Student Public Health
Inspector:

C.F. McGrory from September, 1966.

Area Health Office,
2, Marson Road,
Clevedon.

To the Chairman and Members
of the Long Ashton Rural District Council.

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for 1966.

Most of the work described, is carried out by the Public Health Inspectors and the deputy has prepared the majority of the facts and figures for this report. I am pleased at the appointment of a student public health inspector, who is gaining good practical experience in the Rural District.

In the course of the year the TWO THOUSANDTH council house was completed and occupied.

It was agreed that all 98 council houses which were lacking in one or more standard amenities, should be brought up to standard and all outstanding repairs on these houses should also be done. Work was started on most of the houses in 1966 and completed in about half of them.

The inspection and improvement of food premises has been thoroughly pursued including road side cafes on the main Bristol - Weston-super-Mare, and Bristol - Bridgwater roads.

Public conveniences at Colliter's Brook, Long Ashton, and at Cleeve, were erected mainly to serve people's holiday travelling.

The problem of brucellosis, an infectious disease of cattle transmissible to man by direct contact, or by drinking infected, untreated milk, has been well considered by the Council. A two-stage scheme of eradication was announced in Parliament in July, 1966; a register of brucella-free herds will be built up on a voluntary basis, by the Royal Association of British Dairy Farmers. Thereafter, area eradication schemes will commence, entailing slaughter of reactors and payment of compensation. Area eradication, technically, is a complicated business involving milk and blood sampling, and the necessary personnel and laboratory facilities to do this on a large scale. Tuberculosis eradication was far simpler, in the technical sense.

Measles is a disease prevalent mainly in children and between half to one million cases occur every other year, in England and Wales. The average death rate per year is 80. Complications of measles include acute ear infections, pneumonia and inflammation of the brain. Whilst the first two can usually be well treated, the latter cannot. It occurs about once in one thousand cases of measles, the death rate is between 5 and 10% and up to 50% of the survivors suffer varying degrees of mental impairment.

Thus, if a measles vaccine can be found, which will give lasting immunity, and cause considerably less upset when administered than the disease itself, this will contribute markedly to the good health of children, and relieve mothers and doctors of the work that measles involves.

Trials of measles vaccines were first carried out in this country in 1964. In 1966, eight areas, including Oxford and Bristol, offered measles vaccination, to those who had not had the disease; in some cases from ages 1 - 2, and in others, at ages 1 - 10. In all areas where measles vaccination was performed, there was a marked reduction in the notification of cases, in early 1967. It remains to be seen whether the notification rates will continue to be much reduced in the ensuing years. It seems likely, on the present evidence, that measles vaccination will be used much more widely in this country. It may be possible to combine this with other immunising procedures.

I beg to remain,

Your obedient servant,

V.N. BAKER

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

STATISTICAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

General Statistics - 1966

Area	45,030 acres
Population (mid year estimate)	35,060
Area comparability factors	Births - 0.95 Deaths - 0.98
Rateable Value, 1st April, 1966	£1,145,647
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	£4,588

Vital Statistics for 1966

<u>Live Births</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>	Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population = 19.8
Legitimate	341	328	669	
Illegitimate	14	13	27	
	<u>355</u>	<u>341</u>	<u>696</u>	
<u>Stillbirths</u>	3	4	7	Rate per 1,000 (live and still) births = 10.0
<u>All legitimate</u>				
<u>Deaths</u>	184	168	352	Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population = 10.0

Illegitimate live births

Rate per cent of total live births = 3.9

Deaths from pregnancy, childbirths and abortion = 0

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age

All infants per 1,000 live births	(total = 9) - 12.9
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	(total = 9) - 13.4
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	(total = 0) - 0
Neonatal mortality rate, deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births	(total = 4) - 5.7
Early neonatal mortality rate, deaths under one week per 1,000 total live births	(total = 3) - 4.3
Perinatal mortality rate, still births and deaths under one week per 1,000 total live and still births	(total = 10) - 14.2

VITAL STATISTICS - 1962-66

Live Births

Year	<u>Legitimate</u>		<u>Illegitimate</u>		Total	<u>Rate per 1,000 of the</u> <u>Estimated Resident Population</u>		
	Male	Female	Male	Female		<u>Long Ashton</u> Crude Adjusted	England & Wales	
1962	293	283	8	13	597	19.8	-	18.0
1963	332	300	17	13	662	20.7	21.1	18.2
1964	371	334	21	14	740	22.7	23.1	18.4
1965	349	308	12	15	684	20.3	19.0	18.0
1966	341	328	14	13	696	19.8	18.8	17.7

The adjusted birth rate, is the crude rate multiplied by the area comparability factor, which adjusts the age and sex distribution of the population to correspond with those of England and Wales. The same applies to the adjusted death rate.

Stillbirths

Year	Male	Female	Total	<u>Rate per 1,000 live and</u> <u>stillbirths</u>	
				Long Ashton	England & Wales
1962	2	9	11	19.5	18.1
1963	1	6	7	10.5	17.3
1964	2	3	5	6.7	16.4
1965	4	5	9	13.0	15.7
1966	3	4	7	10.0	15.4

Vital Statistics 1962 - 66

Deaths

Year	Male	Female	Total	Rate per 1,000 of the		
				<u>Estimated Resident Population</u>		
				<u>Long Ashton</u>		<u>England & Wales</u>
				Crude	Adjusted	
1962	161	180	341	11.1	-	11.9
1963	182	176	358	11.2	10.4	12.2
1964	173	158	331	10.1	9.4	11.3
1965	162	171	333	9.8	9.9	11.5
1966	184	168	352	10.0	9.8	11.7

Year	<u>Death Rate of all infants per 1,000 live births</u>		<u>Death Rate under 4 weeks of age per 1,000 total live births</u>		<u>Death rate of infants under one week of age & stillbirths per 1,000 total live and stillbirths</u>	
	Long Ashton	England & Wales	Long Ashton	England & Wales	Long Ashton	England & Wales
1962	15.0	21.6	11.7	15.1	27.9	30.8
1963	16.6	20.9	13.6	14.2	22.4	29.3
1964	5.4	20.0	4.0	13.8	12.1	28.2
1965	16.0	19.0	8.8	13.0	18.8	26.9
1966	12.9	19.0	5.7	12.9	14.2	26.3

Population

Census 23.4.61 Population 29,304

<u>Year</u>	<u>Estimated mid-year population</u>	<u>Total increase from previous year</u>	<u>Natural increase</u>	<u>Net Immigration</u>
1962	30,610	-	-	-
1963	31,850	1,240	304	936
1964	32,660	810	409	401
1965	33,680	1,020	351	669
1966	35,060	1,380	344	1,036

LONG ASHTON - 1966

<u>CAUSES OF DEATH</u>	SEX	Total all Ages	Under 4 Weeks	4 weeks & under 1 year	1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75+
Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
	F	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	M	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	6	1
	F	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, breast	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Malignant neoplasm,uterus	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	-
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	M	18	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	4	5	5
	F	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	3	7
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Diabetes	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Vascular lesions of Nervous system	M	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	6	11
	F	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	20
Coronary disease,angina	M	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	13	13	19
	F	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	8	11
Hypertension with heart disease	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
Other heart disease	M	17	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	3	9
	F	21	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	4	14
Other circulatory disease	M	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
	F	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	8
Pneumonia	M	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	5
	F	9	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6
Bronchitis	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	4
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Other diseases of Respiratory System	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2
	F	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Nephritis and Nephrosis	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Congenital malformations	M	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	M	16	3	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	1	2	3
	F	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4
Motor vehicle accidents	M	4	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
All other accidents	M	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Suicide	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	M	184	4	1	1	1	4	3	6	17	38	44	65
	F	168	-	4	-	-	-	2	3	6	26	41	86

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Total cases notified</u>				
	<u>1962</u>	<u>1963</u>	<u>1964</u>	<u>1965</u>	<u>1966</u>
Measles	5	517	105	607	246
Scarlatina (Scarlet Fever)	2	6	29	43	19
Dysentery	3	3	6	6	6
Whooping cough	14	86	22	31	12
Acute primary pneumonia	13	-	3	2	4
Acute poliomyelitis	-	-	-	1	-
Erysipelas	-	-	3	8	4
Food poisoning	-	-	2	17	4
Tuberculosis - Respiratory	-	-	7	6	5
Non-respiratory	-	-	2	1	2
Acute encephalitis	-	-	-	1	-
Typhoid fever	1	-	3	-	-

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948 (Section 47) and
NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

One person removed in 1964 to a private nursing home, is still there.

WATER SUPPLY

The Bristol Waterworks Company supply piped water throughout the Long Ashton Rural District Council area. It has been satisfactory in quality and quantity throughout the year. No form of contamination occurred in 1966.

There are still some 181 houses not on mains supply. A piped supply was substituted for well water in 10 houses and 5 houses on spring or rainwater supply were connected to the mains.

In May, 1965, a well supplying 4 houses at Oatfield Place, North Weston, was found to be grossly contaminated. A main was laid by the Bristol Waterworks Company and the houses connected by November, 1966. Water was carted to these houses by the Surveyor's Department from May, 1965 - October, 1966.

The laying of a water main to some dozen dwellings at Backwell Hill, was started but delayed owing to the difficulty in obtaining easements. The work should be completed in 1967.

A table shewing the number of dwelling houses and the number of the population supplied from public water mains, (i) direct to the houses and (ii) by means of standpipes, in respect of each parish, follows.

Table of Parishes

Parish	Area in Acres	Approx. Population at 31/12/66	Number of Houses	Number of houses supplied direct from mains	Number of houses supplied from standpipes	Estimated Population supplied direct	Estimated Population supplied from standpipes
Abbots Leigh	2260	824	251	245		810	
Backwell	2929	3643	1141	1124		3590	
Barrow Gurney	2064	391	107	102		376	
Brockley	1148	259	93	90		250	
Clapton-in- Gordano	1355	314	98	92		290	
Cleeve	1013	992	313	306		968	
Dundry	2598	931	285	277		882	
Easton-in- Gordano	1864	4965	1697	1685		4919	
Flax Bourton	630	383	121	118		376	
Kenn	830	264	85	78		244	
Kingston Seymour	2652	213	69	65		206	
Long Ashton	4018	4828	1494	1485		4757	
Nailsea	2866	5992	2199	2190		5973	
North Weston	1063	2173	760	726	14	2129	42
Portbury	2845	621	210	203	1	596	1
Tickenham	1629	1029	296	287		999	
Walton-in- Gordano	908	250	99	99		245	
Weston-in- Gordano	708	248	75	71	4	235	12
Winford	3340	1638	526	511	3	1593	9
Wraxall	4125	1858	637	631		1840	
Yatton	4185	4198	1361	1351		4133	
	45030	36014	11917	11736	22	35411	64

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Parishes with main drainage and efficient disposal systems:

Backwell, excluding Backwell Common and Downside.

Cleeve, excluding part of Plunder Street and eastern portion of parish.

Long Ashton, excluding Leigh Woods.

Flax Bourton.

Easton-in-Gordano.

Nailsea, excluding West End and the south-eastern area towards Backwell.

North Weston.

Clapton-in-Gordano.

Portbury.

Winford, excluding Ridgehill.

Yatton, excluding Lower Claverham and North End areas.

Work completed during year.

North Weston - Renovation of sewage treatment works pending
future proposals.

£3,000

Cleeve - Plunder Street sewer extension

£3,500

Future proposals

Trunk sewer proposals - trunk sewer with treatment works at
Kingston Seymour to serve Backwell, Nailsea, Wraxall,
Tickenham, Flax Bourton, Yatton, etc.

£2,378,200

Wraxall (Failand) - sewage for the 60 acres area, using
the existing Tyntesfield treatment works.

£55,000

Weston-in-Gordano - sewerage and sewage disposal.

£15,000

Long Ashton (Leigh Woods) - sewerage and sewage disposal.

£35,000

Gordano Valley Drainage Scheme to serve Easton-in-Gordano,
Portbury, North Weston, Portishead, etc.

not yet known

Work continued throughout the year on the Yeo Valley Main Drainage Scheme, and application was made to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government for loan sanction. Plans and documents were submitted to the Ministry by Messrs. Maynard, Froud and Stevens. Kingston Seymour Parish Council appealed against the site of the works and a Public Inquiry into the scheme was held in March, 1967, the result of which is not yet known.

At Backwell sewage works, which were overloaded and persistently discharging unsatisfactory effluents, it was decided to install P.V.C. filters and a vortex separator. This was done in October to relieve the overloading, and to ascertain the performance of the filters and the separator by frequent sampling. If they are found to be satisfactory, these units, and other similar ones, may be used at the proposed regional sewage works in Kingston Seymour.

A scheme for sewerage and treatment works for the Gordano Valley and Portishead, was commenced, and the Ministry of Housing and Local Government is in favour of a joint scheme.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

Number of dwellings relying on:

- | | | | |
|-----|------------------|---|-----|
| (1) | Chemical closets | - | 225 |
| (2) | Pail closets | - | 245 |
| (3) | Other | - | 6 |

These figures have been reduced by 35 in the course of the year.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

A weekly kerbside collection is operated, using five vehicles. The present tip at Backwell is getting towards the end of its capacity and a further site in the district has been acquired at Ox House Batch, Wraxall.

CESSPOOL EMPTYING

The number of cesspits in the Council's records is now 1675. 1557 loads were removed from household premises at a charge of 15/- per load, or at £3. 0. Od., per load if a public sewer is available. 300 loads were removed from business premises at a charge of £1. 6. 3d., an hour.

HOUSING

Action taken during year

Number of houses demolished or closed -

- (a) under section 17 of the Housing Act, 1957 (individual unfits) - 11
- (b) for other purposes (road improvements etc.) - 0

Number of houses made fit during year - 24

	<u>Houses erected during year</u>		<u>Houses in course of erection</u>		<u>Gained from conversion of large houses or buildings into flats or dwellings</u>	<u>Lost from conversion of two or more houses to one</u>
	For slum clearance	For other purposes	For slum clearance	For other purposes		
Local Authority	-	50	-	34	-	-
Private Enterprise	-	440	-	362	5	3

Number of post-war houses erected from 1st April, 1945, to 31st December, 1966

By local authority - 1,683 By private enterprise - 4,563

Local Authority housing programme, 1967 - 200

Houses required:

- (i) To replace houses scheduled for demolition - 60
- (ii) To abate overcrowding - 10
- (iii) For other purposes - 200
- (iv) Applications for council houses at end of year
 - (a) Urgent bona fide cases - 158
 - (b) Applications for Old People's Dwellings - 95
 - (c) Others - 27

Total applications - 280

(v) Total number of council houses sold during year - None

Number of Permanent Dwellings

As at the 31st December, 1965 - Local Authority	- 1981	
Private Enterprise	- 9448	
Totals		11,429
Gained by conversions and erected during 1966 - Local Authority	- 50	
Private enterprise	- 445	
Totals		495
		<hr/> 11,924
Less houses demolished, closed etc.		7
		<hr/> 11,917

Total number of permanent dwellings as at the 31st December, 1966:

Local Authority	2,031
Private Enterprise -	9,886
	<u>11,917</u>

OLD PEOPLE'S DWELLINGS

Number erected to 31.12.66		Number in course of erection	
With County Council Aid	Without County Council Aid	With County Council Aid	Without County Council Aid
80	54	28	1

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

A. Discretionary

Number of applications and houses dealt with by Local Authority during year:

<u>Received</u>		<u>Approved</u>	
<u>Applications</u>	<u>No. of Dwellings</u>	<u>Applications</u>	<u>No. of Dwellings</u>
15	16	13	14

Number of applications approved in respect of owner/occupiers during year - 8

Average cost per dwelling approved during year - £1,300

Amount of grant payable by Local Authority - £5,036

B. Standard

1. Number of applications (a) Received 17
(b) Approved 16

2. Number of houses where standard amenities have been provided - 24

Number of applications approved in respect of owner/occupiers during year - 12

Compulsory Improvement of Dwellings - Housing Act, 1964

An area in Pill comprising Springfield Road, Churchpath Road, Heywood Road, Heywood Terrace, Station Road, Myrtle Hill, Chapel Row, Monmouth Road and Newport Road, has been surveyed. Of 127 dwellings, 56 were lacking in one or more of the Standard Amenities which are a bath, wash hand basin, hot water supply, water closet and food store.

It was decided, in view of the complicated procedure, that an Improvement area be not declared and that efforts be made to get the improvements carried out to the full standard where practicable.

Since the survey was completed, several enquiries have been made and in some cases, application for grant has been received.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

Since February, rodent control has been carried out by Rentokil Laboratories Ltd., on an annual contract basis, covering private properties, council buildings, offices, tips, sewer openings and sewage works and schools. This arrangement has proved satisfactory.

	<u>Type of Property</u>	
	<u>Non-agricultural</u>	<u>Agricultural</u>
Number of properties in district	11,982	443
Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification	205	28
Number infested by (i) Rats	189	23
(ii) Mice	16	5
Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification	179	141
Number infested by (i) Rats	18	24
(ii) Mice	7	4

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS

There are 9 licensed premises, for the following number of animals:

<u>Dogs</u>	<u>Cats</u>	<u>Parish</u>
100	40	Easton-in-Gordano
5	0	Walton-in-Gordano
24	16	Wraxall
10	10	Abbots Leigh
3	0	Easton-in-Gordano
0	20	Long Ashton
96	36	Barrow Gurney
6	0	Cleeve
11	0	Backwell

CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

	<u>Permanent</u>	<u>Seasonal</u>
(a) Number of single caravans licensed	13	1
(b) Number of site licences issued in respect of more than one caravan	10	9
(c) Estimated maximum number of occupants resident during year	450	1750
(d) Number of sites closed as a result of above Act	-	-
(e) Camping sites - number of unlicensed sites in use	-	-

A survey was carried out in August, as in the rest of the County, to ascertain the use of licensed sites and the number of unauthorised caravans in the district.

On the residential sites, licensed for 194 vans, 169 were occupied. 17 caravans were on four sites, subject to completion of site works. Only 9 residential vans were on unauthorised sites.

Of 490 holiday caravans permitted under licence, there were 458 on site, and 2 in unauthorised positions.

PUBLIC SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There is one in the district at the Ashton Court Country Club, which has an efficient treatment plant.

FOOD

MILK

- (a) Number of Registered Distributors - 10
(b) Number of Registered Dairy Premises (other than Dairy Farms) - 4

Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

Milk sampling is carried out monthly by the County Public Health Inspectors. A sample taken from a milk vending machine in June was found to be infected with brucella abortus and a heat treatment notice was served on the farmer supplying this milk in early July. The notice was withdrawn in mid-September, when the milk was free from infection.

ICE CREAM

Number of premises registered for -

- (a) Manufacture and retail - 2 (b) Manufacture only - Nil (c) Retail only -

A few samples were taken during the year and all were satisfactory.

FOOD HYGIENE

Slaughterhouses Act

	<u>Licensed</u>	<u>Operating</u>
(a) Slaughterhouses owned or leased by L.A.	-	-
(b) Private slaughterhouses	2	2
(c) Number of private slaughterhouses brought up to standard required	-	-
(d) Bacon factories	-	-

The Meat Inspection Regulations, 1963

Qualified staff employed, part-time - 4

Charges for inspection

Rate charged - maximum

Total carcasses inspected	1962	11,248
	1963	11,936
	1964	16,081
	1965	16,342
	1966	18,851

Carcasses and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part during year:

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	2349	1265	428	6696	8113	-
Number inspected	2349	1265	428	6696	8113	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	1	17	12	30	20	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	250	482	-	220	328	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	10.85	39.43	2.80	3.73	4.28	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	3	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Weight of Meat condemned</u> (in lbs.) for:						
(a) Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Cysticercosis	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Other	3096	14,500	480	1823	2098	-
Total (in lbs.) condemned	3096	14,500	480	1823	2098	-

PREMISES WHERE FOOD IS PREPARED

Number registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955,
(Ice cream, manufactured meat products, etc.) - 111

310 visits were made to food premises and catering establishments
in the course of the year.

FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960

The following table shews the number of food premises, grouped in
categories of trades, which are fitted to comply with regulation 16 (wash
hand basin and hot water supply) and those which comply with regulation
19 (sink and hot water supply). Of the 183 premises to which regulation
16 applies, 10 did not comply, and of the 179 premises to which regulation
19 applies, 6 did not comply.

<u>Premises</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Fitted Reg.16</u>	<u>Reg. 19 Applies</u>	<u>Fitted Reg.19</u>
Catering Establishments	11	11	11	11
Butchers	18	16	18	17
Bakers & Confectioners	14	11	14	13
Fishmongers	7	7	7	7
Greengrocers	13	13	13	13
General Provisions	71	65	67	62
Licensed premises	45	45	45	45
Licensed Clubs	12	12	12	12
Total Number of Trades	191	180	187	180
Total Number of Premises	183	173	179	173

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

	No. of premises registered during the year	Total No. of registered premises at end of the year	No. of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	2	30	19
Retail Shops	4	116	97
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	2	2
Catering Establishments open to the public	1	13	13
Fuel Storage Depots	-	1	1
	<u>7</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>132</u>

Number of visits of all kinds to registered premises - 292

<u>Class of Premises</u>	<u>No. of Persons Employed</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Offices	88	57
Retail Shops	100	274
Wholesale Departments, Warehouses	2	-
Catering Establishments open to the public	19	33
Fuel Storage Depots	7	-
Canteens	-	-
	<u>216</u>	<u>364</u>

- 580

General inspections were carried out and occupiers were given information on lighting, ventilation and other problems. Architects, before preparing and submitting plans for shop improvements, sought our advice as to the various requirements of the Act. Similar information was given in respect of catering establishments. Inspections in appropriate cases were again combined with other legislation, e.g. The Food (Hygiene) Regulations.

Premises lacking suitable and sufficient sanitary accommodation or washing facilities were provided with these in six cases. Minor contraventions such as lack of cleanliness etc., were rectified as a result of verbal requests.

No accidents to persons on registered premises were reported.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

Prescribed particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961.

1. Part I of the Act

	Number on Register	Number of Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by L.A's	6	1	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sect. 7 is enforced by Local Authority	82	43	2	-
(iii) Other premises in which Sect. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	17	1	-	-
Total	105	45	2	-

2. No defects of cleanliness, overcrowding, unreasonable temperatures, inadequate ventilation or ineffective drainage of floors, were found.

3. Number of cases in which defects were found Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted

PARTICULARS	Referred			
	Found	Remedied	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector
Sanitary conveniences				
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	1
(b) Unsuitable or defective	4	4	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-
Total	4	4	-	1

Part VIII of the Act

Outwork Sections 133 and 134

Nature of work - Wearing apparel (making etc.) Number of Outworkers in August list - 2

